

## **Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014**

### *Registration of new society*

The following society has today been registered by us under Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 as a Community Benefit Society:

Society: **Community Homes Yorkshire Limited**

Registration number: **8479**

Registration date: 6 October 2020

Address: Micklethwaite House, 70 Cross Green Lane, Leeds, LS9 0DG

Financial year-end date: 31 March

Date: **06 October 2020**



**Charity Law Association Model Rules**

**Society number:**

**CO-OPERATIVE AND COMMUNITY BENEFIT SOCIETIES ACT 2014**

**A CHARITABLE COMMUNITY BENEFIT SOCIETY**

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**RULES OF**

**COMMUNITY HOMES YORKSHIRE LIMITED**

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# CO-OPERATIVE AND COMMUNITY BENEFIT SOCIETIES ACT 2014

## A Charitable Community Benefit Society

### RULES OF COMMUNITY HOMES YORKSHIRE LIMITED

#### 1. NAME

1.1 The name of the Charity shall be Community Homes Yorkshire Limited.

#### 2. LIMITED LIABILITY

2.1 The liability of the Members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the Shares held by them.

#### 3. OBJECTS

3.1 The Charity is formed for the benefit of the community to operate as a charitable community land trust in Yorkshire and the surrounding area (the “area of benefit”).

3.2 The objects of the Charity are to carry on for the benefit of the community in the area of benefit:

3.2.1 the business of providing, developing and managing housing, including Social Housing and community-led housing, and providing assistance to help house people and associated facilities, amenities and services for poor people or for the relief of aged, disabled (whether physically or mentally) or chronically sick people;

3.2.2 any other charitable object that can be carried out from time to time by a registered society which is a community land trust and is registered as a provider of Social Housing with the Regulator.

3.3 The Objects of the Charity may be amended in accordance with these Rules. The amendment takes effect when accepted for registration by the Authority.

#### 4. POWERS

4.1 The Charity shall have the power to do all things necessary or expedient for the fulfilment of its Objects.

4.2 Without limitation of Rule 4.1 the Charity shall have power:-

4.2.1 subject to Rule 27 (Conflicts of Interest) to employ people, agents and advisers;

- 4.2.2 to borrow money (without limitation on the amount) from any person and to give security for loans or other obligations (but only in accordance with the restrictions imposed by the Charities Act);
- 4.2.3 to lend, deposit or advance money and give credit or guarantees (and with or without security when lending to Members) in accordance with the Act and the Charities Act;
- 4.2.4 to act as agent or trustee;
- 4.2.5 to co-operate with other bodies;
- 4.2.6 to support by donation or otherwise, administer and/or set up charities or social enterprises;
- 4.2.7 to accept gifts and to raise funds;
- 4.2.8 to issue shares, bonds and other financial instruments and to repay such instruments;
- 4.2.9 to acquire or hire property of any kind;
- 4.2.10 to let or dispose of property of any kind (but only in accordance with the restrictions imposed by the Charities Act);
- 4.2.11 to take mortgages, charges, liens and other security obligations;
- 4.2.12 to set aside funds for special purposes or as reserves against future expenditure;
- 4.2.13 to pay or suspend interest on share capital including the suspension of interest indefinitely;
- 4.2.14 to invest its funds in any manner with the powers of a natural person in addition to the powers given by the Act;
- 4.2.15 to obtain advice from a financial expert on investments and to have regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification where appropriate;
- 4.2.16 to delegate the management of investments to a financial expert, but only on terms that:
  - (a) the investment policy is set down in writing for the financial expert by the Trustees;
  - (b) timely reports of all transactions are provided to the Trustees;

- (c) the performance of the investments is reviewed regularly with the Trustees;
- (d) the Trustees are entitled to cancel the delegation arrangement at any time;
- (e) the investment policy and the delegation arrangement are reviewed at least once a year;
- (f) all payments due to the financial expert are on a scale or at a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Trustees on receipt; and
- (g) the financial expert must not do anything outside the powers of the Charity.

4.2.17 to arrange for investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee company acting under the direction of the Trustees or controlled by a financial expert acting under their instructions, and to pay any reasonable fee required;

4.2.18 to deposit documents and physical assets with any company registered or having a place of business in England or Wales as custodian and to pay any reasonable fee required;

4.2.19 to insure the property of the Charity against any foreseeable risk and take out other insurance policies to protect the Charity when required;

4.2.20 to enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of other bodies;

4.2.21 to establish or acquire subsidiary companies and other business organisations; and

4.2.22 to transfer or accept the transfer of engagements from or to amalgamate with any other charity in law registered under the Act or accept the transfer of the undertaking to or from any charity or convert the Charity into a charitable company.

4.3 The Charity may only accept deposits in accordance with the strict limitations of the Act and shall not carry on the business of banking or any other regulated activity except in accordance with the Act and the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

4.4 As a community land trust, the Charity shall ensure that any land or assets it owns are not sold or developed except in a manner which the Charity approves as being of benefit to the people who live or work in, or want to

live or work in, the area of benefit, and which is compatible with its charitable status.

## **5. SHARES**

- 5.1 The purpose of issuing Shares in the Charity is solely to advance the charitable purposes of the Charity set out in Rule 3 (Objects) under terms which are beneficial to the Charity.
- 5.2 The Trustees will issue Shares with a nominal value of £1 but may, at their discretion, issue at another nominal value. Unless otherwise specified by the Trustees, the Trustees will issue withdrawable shares. Shares shall be non-transferable except on death or bankruptcy.
- 5.3 The Trustees may issue different classes of Shares, with such rights, restrictions and obligations as may be determined by them and may set the amounts of any subscriptions.
- 5.4 Rule 10 (No Transferable Share Capital), Rule 11 (Withdrawal of Shares), Rule 13 (Reduction in Share Value), Rule 29 (Payment of Interest on Shares) and Rule 33 (Dissolution) must always apply to any issue of Shares.
- 5.5 Unless otherwise specified by the Trustees on issue and subject to Rule 13 (Reduction in Share Value), Shares shall be withdrawable at the same nominal value as at the date of issue.
- 5.6 Shares may be withdrawn and transferred only in accordance with the provisions of these Rules.
- 5.7 The total number of Shares issued to any one Member shall not exceed the maximum permitted by law or any maximum shareholding specified by the Trustees.
- 5.8 Shares shall normally be paid for in full on allotment, but the Trustees may at their discretion permit a Member to defer some or all of such payment.

## **6. MEMBERSHIP**

- 6.1 The Charity must maintain a register of Members.
- 6.2 The subscribers to the Rules are the first Members.
- 6.3 Membership of the Charity is open to any individual aged at least sixteen or any organisation interested in promoting the Objects who:
  - 6.3.1 subscribes for at least the Minimum Shareholding; and
  - 6.3.2 is approved by the Trustees.

- 6.4 The form and the procedure for applying for Membership is to be prescribed by the Trustees.
- 6.5 If the Charity issues only one Share to each Member it may also request an annual subscription from Members. The annual subscription shall be such reasonable amount sufficient to cover the administration costs of Membership and may include a charitable donation to the Charity as may be specified by the Trustees from time to time. If such a subscription is not paid the Trustees may agree that the Membership of that Member ceases and the one Share of that Member is cancelled without reimbursement to the Member.
- 6.6 A Member which is a body corporate or unincorporate may appoint a representative to act on its behalf and remove such representative by notice to the Charity.
- 6.7 The Trustees may establish different classes of Members and set out their respective rights and obligations.

## **7. TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP**

- 7.1 Membership is terminated automatically:
- 7.1.1 when a Member ceases to hold any Shares in the Charity;
  - 7.1.2 when a Member is expelled in accordance with Rule 7.2; or
  - 7.1.3 when a Member (either alone or jointly with others) holds a tenancy, lease or licence to occupy the Charity's property and:
    - 7.1.3.1 is in the opinion of the Board in material or serious breach of their tenancy agreement, lease or licence;
    - 7.1.3.2 are subject to a possession order or are in breach of a suspended possession order;
    - 7.1.3.3 are subject to any of the following types of court order: anti-social behaviour order, anti-social behaviour injunction, demoted tenancy, or closure order; or
    - 7.1.3.4 the Charity has obtained an order of a competent court or tribunal against them for recovery of monies due from them to the Charity, provided that if the order is suspended or is an order for payment in instalments they shall only cease to be a Member upon failing to meet the terms of the order.
- 7.2 A Member may be expelled for conduct prejudicial to the Charity by a resolution of not less than 75% of votes cast at a general meeting, provided that:

- 7.2.1 the grounds for expulsion have been specified in the notices calling for the meeting; and
- 7.2.2 the Member whose expulsion is to be considered is given the opportunity to make representations to the meeting (or, at the option of the Member, by an individual (who need not be a Member) who is there to represent them).

If on due notice having been served the Member fails to attend the meeting, the meeting may proceed in the Member's absence.

- 7.3 A Member expelled from the Charity under Rule 7.2 shall be required to immediately withdraw all of his or her Shares in the Charity and return his or her share certificate(s) to the Charity and (subject to Rules 7.5 and 7.6) he or she shall be paid the nominal value of the Shares in the Charity held by him or her (together with any accrued interest to the date of withdrawal) in accordance with Rules 11.7 to 11.9 inclusive. Such Shares shall then be cancelled. For the avoidance of doubt, save as set out in this Rule 7.3, the process for the withdrawal of Shares pursuant to Rule 11 shall not apply to the withdrawal of Shares by a Member who has been expelled from the Charity.
- 7.4 No Member expelled from Membership shall be readmitted except by resolution of not less than 75% of votes cast at a general meeting.
- 7.5 If a Member is required to withdraw from Membership under Rule 7.3 and the right to withdraw Shares has been suspended, then the nominal value of their share capital shall be converted into loan stock upon such terms as may be agreed between the Trustees and the Member, provided that such agreement shall require the repayment of the loan within a period not exceeding three years.
- 7.6 If a Member is required to withdraw from membership under Rule 7.3 and the total nominal value of the Shares in the Charity held by him or her is less than £25, the Charity may at its discretion cancel that Member's Shares without paying that Member the nominal value of his or her Shares or any interest accrued thereon.

## **8. MEMBERS' MEETINGS**

### **Calling Members' Meetings**

- 8.1 Members are entitled to attend general meetings in person or by proxy. The appointment of a proxy must be in writing and notified to the Charity at least 24 hours before the commencement of the meeting. Any proxy form delivered late shall be invalid. Any question as to the validity of a proxy shall be determined by the chair of the meeting whose decision shall be final.



- 8.2 General meetings are called on at least 14 clear days' written notice indicating the business to be discussed and the date, time and place of the meeting.
- 8.3 Seventy five per cent of Members may agree, by consent in writing, to a general meeting being held with less notice than required by Rule 8.2.
- 8.4 The Secretary shall also call a meeting of the Members at the written request of ten per cent or more of the Membership.
- 8.5 An AGM shall be held within seven months of the close of each financial year of the Charity to deal with the following:
  - 8.5.1 the receipt of the accounts and balance sheet and of the reports of the Trustees and, if relevant, the auditor;
  - 8.5.2 the appointment of an auditor (if required);
  - 8.5.3 the election of any Trustee to the Board;
  - 8.5.4 the application of surplus funds; and
  - 8.5.5 any other issues which the Trustees think appropriate.

### **Quorum at General Meetings**

- 8.6 There must be a quorum present before a meeting starts to do business and throughout the meeting.
- 8.7 There is a quorum at a general meeting if the number of Members present in person (or by their authorised representative) or by proxy is at least three Members entitled to vote on the business.
- 8.8 If a quorum is not present at the time set for the general meeting, the meeting shall be reconvened one week later at the same time and place, unless agreed otherwise by the Trustees. If fewer than the number of Members required for a general meeting under Rule 8.7 are present within half an hour of the time the adjourned meeting is scheduled to have started, those Members present shall carry out the business of the meeting.

### **One Member One Vote**

- 8.9 Every Member present in person, by proxy or by authorised representative shall have one vote on each issue regardless of the number of Shares held by a Member.
- 8.10 The Chair of the Charity (if one has been appointed under Rule 24) shall preside at a general meeting and shall not be entitled to a second or casting vote. If the Chair is not present within 10 minutes of the start of the meeting the Members present shall elect a Chair of the general meeting.

## **Decisions at General Meetings**

8.11 Questions arising at a meeting of the Members shall be resolved by a simple majority of votes of those Members present in person or by proxy and voting, unless a higher majority is required by these Rules or by any law or enactment.

## **Decision by Ballot**

8.12 At any meeting of the Members a resolution put to the vote of the Members shall be decided by a show of hands unless the Trustees resolve, or unless at least 10% of the Members present at the meeting request, that the matter should be put to a secret ballot. The Trustees may make any reasonable rules to regulate the running of a secret ballot.

## **Decision by Postal Vote or by Electronic Means**

8.13 The Trustees may permit decisions to be taken at general meetings by a combination of postal voting, voting by electronic means and voting in person or by proxy provided that each Member has only one vote.

## **Written Resolutions of Members**

8.14 Except where a statutory provision seeks to protect creditors or future Members by way of decision-making at a general meeting or a decision seeking the removal of a Trustee, a written resolution signed by a majority of those entitled to vote at a meeting (or, where required by law, a greater majority) is as valid as a resolution actually passed at that meeting.

8.15 A written resolution may be set out in more than one document and will be treated as passed on the date of the last signature required to reach the relevant majority.

8.16 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

## **Meetings held by electronic means**

8.17 A general meeting may be held either in person or by suitable electronic means agreed by the Trustees in which all participants may communicate with all the other participants.

## **9. ATTENDANCE AND SPEAKING BY TRUSTEES AND NON-MEMBERS**

Trustees may attend and speak at general meetings. The Chair of the meeting may permit other persons who are not:

9.1 Members; or

- 9.2 otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of Members in relation to general meetings,
- 9.3 to attend and speak at a general meeting.

## **10. NO TRANSFERABLE SHARE CAPITAL**

The Charity shall not issue transferable shares.

## **11. WITHDRAWAL OF SHARE CAPITAL**

### **Withdrawal on Notice**

11.1 With the Trustees' approval, Shares may be withdrawn on three months' notice provided that:

- 11.1.1 the notice to withdraw Shares must (a) be sent to the Charity; (b) give details of the Shares to be withdrawn; and (c) be signed by the withdrawing Member or authorised by the withdrawing Member through a secure electronic transaction procedure approved by the Trustees;
- 11.1.2 unless a Member is withdrawing all of his/her Shares, the withdrawal must not leave the Member with fewer Shares than the Minimum Shareholding;
- 11.1.3 no withdrawal of Shares issued on the same date shall be permitted during the first three years from the date of the issue of Shares or from the date it carries on a qualifying trade whichever is the later; and
- 11.1.4 the Trustees are satisfied that, at the date of withdrawal, the Charity is able to continue as a going concern for the 12 months following the withdrawal.

### **Waiver and Suspension of Withdrawal of Shares**

- 11.2 The Trustees may waive the notice period required for a withdrawal of Shares.
- 11.3 The Trustees may suspend the right to withdraw Shares either wholly or partially and either indefinitely or for a fixed period.
- 11.4 The Trustees may apply the suspension to any notices of withdrawal, which have been received and remain unpaid, or only to specified classes or issues of Shares. Where the suspension is for a fixed period, such period may be extended from time to time by the Trustees.

- 11.5 Should the Trustees choose to suspend the right to withdraw Shares, all Members must be notified of such a change within ten days of it having come into force.
- 11.6 During any period of suspension, the Shares of a deceased or bankrupt Member may, if the Trustees so determine, be withdrawn in accordance with this Rule 11.

#### **Amount Payable on Withdrawal of Shares**

- 11.7 The amount to be paid to a Member on a withdrawal shall be the amount credited as paid on the Shares to be withdrawn except where the Shares have been reduced in value under Rule 13 (Reduction in Share Value).
- 11.8 The Trustees may deduct a reasonable administration fee in respect of the withdrawal of Shares.
- 11.9 Interest up to the date of repayment may, at the discretion of the Trustees, be payable on any Share in respect of which a notice of withdrawal has been given.

### **12. SURRENDER OF SHARES**

- 12.1 If the right to withdraw has been suspended, Members may terminate their Membership by surrendering their entire shareholding to the Charity at which point the Shares will be cancelled. The surrender must be made in such form as the Trustees require.
- 12.2 The Trustees have the right to refuse a surrender of shareholding and may at their discretion pay to the Member who is surrendering Shares any amount not exceeding the nominal value of the Shares.

### **13. REDUCTION IN SHARE VALUE**

- 13.1 If at any time the Charity's auditors (or, if the Charity does not have auditors, another qualified independent accountant) certify that the Charity's liabilities plus its share capital exceed its assets, the Trustees may resolve to redenominate the nominal value of all issued Shares to 10 pence or to any multiple of 10 pence.
- 13.2 The Trustees may then further resolve that a Member's shareholding will be redenominated so that the Member's total shareholding reflects the Charity's value using the nominal value of the new Shares. Where such calculation will lead to a Member's shareholding comprising a fractional balance of a 10 pence Share the Member's shareholding shall be rounded down to the nearest 10 pence Share.

- 13.3 Following the resolution pursuant to Rule 13.2 the original balance of the nominal value of the Shares shall be cancelled and no right to interest or dividend or the balance of nominal value following cancellation shall exist.

#### **14. SHARE TRANSFERS ON DEATH OR BANKRUPTCY OF A MEMBER**

- 14.1 Members may nominate a person to whom any property which that Member holds in the Charity may be transferred on death in accordance with section 37 of the Act, up to the limits imposed by the Act.
- 14.2 Any property held by a Member who dies or becomes bankrupt which is not dealt with by a nomination under Rule 14.1 shall be dealt with in accordance with the instructions of the Member's duly appointed personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy.
- 14.3 The Trustees may request any evidence (including without limitation evidence of death or due appointment or lack of revocation) which they deem appropriate prior to making a transfer, shall request a receipt from the transferee, shall approve a transfer and shall register it in the Register of Members.

#### **15. UNTRACED MEMBERS**

- 15.1 Where a Member holds more than one Share in the Charity, the Charity shall be entitled to cancel Shares of a Member if and provided that:
- 15.1.1 during the period of twelve years prior to the date of the publication of the advertisement referred to in Rule 15.1.2 below (or, if published on different dates, the later date) all cheques in respect of the Shares in question sent in the manner authorised by these regulations have remained uncashed; and
- 15.1.2 the Charity shall on expiry of the twelve years have inserted advertisements, both in a leading London newspaper or on the Official Gazette website and in a newspaper circulating or on a newspaper website in the area of the address at which service of notices upon such Member or other person may be effected in accordance with these Rules, giving notice of its intention to cancel the Shares; and
- 15.1.3 during the period of twelve years before and the period of three months following the publication of the advertisement the Charity shall have received indication neither of the whereabouts nor of the existence of such Member or person.
- 15.2 The Charity shall be entitled to cancel the Share of a Member if a Member, who has been issued only one Share in the Charity has not responded, for a period of three years, to the Charity to a request for verification of address for communication with the Member.

- 15.3 To give effect to any such cancellation the Charity may appoint any person to execute as transferor an instrument of cancellation of the Shares.
- 15.4 Such instrument shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder of or person entitled by transmission to such Shares and the title of the transferee shall not be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in such actions.
- 15.5 Subject to Rule 15.6 the net proceeds of any cancellation of Shares in accordance with this Rule 15 shall belong to the Charity.
- 15.6 The Charity shall be obliged to account to the former Member or other person previously entitled for an amount equal to the nominal amount of any shareholding if the Shares are cancelled for amounts greater than £25.
- 15.7 The Charity shall enter the name of such former Member or other person in the books of the Charity as a creditor for the amount calculated pursuant to Rule 15.6.
- 15.8 No trust shall be created in respect of the debt, no interest shall be payable in respect of the same and the Charity shall not be required to account for any money earned.
- 15.9 The monies may be employed in the business of the Charity or invested in such investments (other than Shares of the Charity) as the Trustees may from time to time think fit.

## **POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRUSTEES**

- 16. The Trustees as charity trustees have control of the Charity and its property and funds.
- 17. The Trustees may exercise in their capacity as Trustees responsible for the management of the Charity's business all the powers of the Charity set out in these Rules which are not reserved for the general meeting including the following powers in the administration of the Charity:
  - 17.1 to spend the funds of the Charity in such a manner as they shall consider most beneficial for the achievement of the Objects;
  - 17.2 to invest in the name of the Charity such part of the Charity's funds as they see fit;
  - 17.3 to enter into contracts on behalf of the Charity;
  - 17.4 to borrow or raise money and to mortgage or charge the Charity's undertaking, property and uncalled capital and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Charity or of any third party;

- 17.5 to make loans to Members and others with such security and subject to such conditions and limits of amount as may be imposed by the Act and at law;
- 17.6 to make rules which govern the taking of decisions by Trustees;
- 17.7 to establish procedures to assist the resolution of disputes or differences within the Charity;

#### **Trustees may delegate to committees**

- 17.8 to delegate any of their functions to committees consisting of two or more individuals appointed by them. At least one member of every committee must be a Trustee and all proceedings of committees must be reported promptly to the Trustees; and
- 17.9 to make rules of procedure for all or any committees.

#### **Residuary powers of Members**

- 17.10 The Members may, by special resolution, direct the Trustees to take or refrain from taking specified action provided that such direction is in accordance with the Act and the Charities Act. No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Trustees have done before the passing of the resolution.

### **18. NUMBER OF TRUSTEES**

- 18.1 There shall be at least three and not more than twelve Trustees, of which no more than four may be co-optees appointed under rule 19.2.2 and all of whom must support the Objects. Only Members (or persons who will become Members on their appointment as a Trustee) who are at least 18 years old shall be eligible to be appointed as Trustees]
- 18.2 A person may not act as a Trustee unless he/she has signed a written declaration of willingness to act as a charity trustee of the Charity.

### **19. APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF TRUSTEES**

#### **Methods of appointing Trustees**

- 19.1 The first Trustees will be the subscribing Members of the Charity. Subsequent Trustees are elected by the Members or co-opted by the Trustees.
- 19.2 Any person who is willing to act as a Trustee, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Trustee: –
  - 19.2.1 by ordinary resolution of the Members; or

19.2.2 by a decision of the Trustees, but such person shall only hold office until the general meeting following her/his appointment.

### **Rotation of Trustees**

19.3 One third (or the number nearest one third) of the Trustees must retire at each AGM, those longest in office retiring first and the choice between any of equal service being made by drawing lots. A retiring Trustee shall be eligible for re-election for a maximum of three consecutive terms of office. The Trustees may permit up to one or more of the Trustees to serve one or more additional consecutive terms of office, provided that any such further appointment may only take effect with the consent of at least 75% of the other Trustees.

### **Termination of Trustees' appointment by Members' Resolution**

19.4 Trustees may be appointed or removed at any time by ordinary resolution of the Members (but only if at least three Trustees will remain in office). If a Trustee is to be removed, the resolution must be passed not less than 14 days after the views of the Trustee concerned have been invited.

19.5 Where the Trustee has made representations to the Members within 14 days of having been invited to do so, the Members shall give consideration to those representations prior to any resolution being made.

### **Automatic Termination of Trustee's Appointment**

19.6 A Trustee's term of office automatically terminates if he or she:

19.6.1 retires or is removed from office pursuant to Rules 19.3 or 19.4;

19.6.2 is prohibited by law from being a director of a company;

19.6.3 is prohibited by the Relevant Authority from undertaking a controlled function (as defined in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000);

19.6.4 ceases to be a Member of the Charity;

19.6.5 is absent from three consecutive meetings of the Trustees and is asked by a majority of the other Trustees to resign;

19.6.6 is removed by a resolution passed by two-thirds of the Trustees, excluding the Trustee subject to the proposed removal.

### **Alternate Trustees and technical defect**

19.7 Trustees shall not be entitled to appoint alternate Trustees.



19.8 A technical defect in the appointment of a Trustee of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting.

## **20. NUMBER AND DECISION MAKING AT TRUSTEES' MEETINGS**

20.1 The Trustees must hold at least three meetings or such other minimum as the Trustees may decide and report to the Members each year.

20.2 Any issue shall be determined by a simple majority of the votes cast at a meeting. A written resolution signed by a majority of the Trustees is as valid as a resolution passed at a meeting.

20.3 A written resolution may be contained in more than one document and will be treated as passed on the date of the last signature required to reach a majority.

20.4 Every Trustee has one vote on each issue but, in case of an equality of votes, the Chair shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

20.5 A procedural defect of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting.

## **21. CALLING A TRUSTEES' MEETING**

21.1 Any Trustee may call a Trustees' meeting by giving 7 days' notice of the meeting to the Trustees or by authorising the Secretary (if any) to give such notice. Trustees may unanimously agree to shorter notice.

21.2 Notice of any Trustees' meeting must indicate:

- (a) its proposed date and time;
- (b) where it is to take place;
- (c) if it is anticipated that Trustees participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting, including by suitable electronic means;
- (d) the proposed business of the meeting.

21.3 Notice of a Trustees' meeting must be given to each Trustee, but need not be in writing.

## **22. PARTICIPATION IN TRUSTEES' MEETINGS**

22.1 Subject to the Rules, Trustees participate in a Trustees' meeting, or part of a Trustees' meeting, when:

- 22.1.1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Rules; and
- 22.1.2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting.
- 22.2 In determining whether Trustees are participating in a Trustees' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Trustee is or how they communicate with each other.
- 22.3 If all the Trustees participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is located.

### **23. QUORUM FOR TRUSTEES' MEETINGS**

- 23.1 At a Trustees' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.
- 23.2 The quorum for a Trustees' meetings is three.
- 23.3 If the total number of Trustees for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Trustees must not take any decision other than a decision to co-opt an additional Trustee under rule 19.2.2 or to call a general meeting so as to enable the Members to appoint further Trustees.

### **24. CHAIRING OF TRUSTEES' MEETINGS**

- 24.1 The Trustees may appoint any Trustee to preside at meetings.
- 24.2 The person so appointed for the time being is known as the Chair.
- 24.3 The Trustees may terminate the Chair's appointment at any time.
- 24.4 If the Chair is not participating in a Trustees' meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating Trustees must appoint one of themselves to preside at it.

### **25. TRUSTEES' DISCRETION TO MAKE FURTHER RULES**

- 25.1 The Trustees may make and revoke from time to time, in accordance with these Rules and the Act, regulations which are binding on the Charity relating to proceedings of general meetings of the Charity and on their own decision making processes.

### **26. PERMITTED BENEFITS TO TRUSTEES AND MEMBERS**

- 26.1 The property and funds of the Charity must be used only for promoting the Objects and do not belong to the Members but (subject to section 122

of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and any determination or guidance issued by the Regulator from time to time):

26.1.1 Members who are not Trustees or Connected Persons may be employed by or enter into contracts with the Charity and receive reasonable and proper payment or expenses for goods or services supplied.

Subject to compliance with Rule 27.1:

26.1.2 Members, Trustees and Connected Persons may be paid interest at a reasonable rate on money lent to the Charity and be paid interest on Shares, subject to Rule 29;

26.1.3 Members, Trustees and Connected Persons may be paid a reasonable rent or hiring fee for property or equipment let or hired to the Charity; and

26.1.4 Members, Trustees and Connected Persons may receive charitable benefits on the same terms as any other Beneficiaries.

26.2 A Trustee must not receive any payment of money or other material benefit (whether directly or indirectly) from the Charity except:

26.2.1 as mentioned in Rule 26.1 or 26.3;

26.2.2 reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses (including hotel and travel costs) actually incurred in running the Charity;

26.2.3 the benefit of indemnity insurance as permitted by the Charities Act;

26.2.4 an indemnity in respect of any liabilities properly incurred in running the Charity (including the costs of a successful defence to criminal proceedings); and

26.2.5 where authorised by the Court or the Act.

26.3 Any Trustee or Connected Person may enter into a written contract with the Charity, as permitted by the Charities Act, to supply goods and/or services in return for a payment or other material benefit but only if:

26.3.1 the goods and/or services are actually required by the Charity, and the Trustees decide that it is in the best interests of the Charity to enter into such a contract;

26.3.2 the nature and level of the remuneration is no more than is reasonable in relation to the value of the goods and/or services and is set in accordance with the procedure in Rule 27.1; and

- 26.3.3 no more than half of the Trustees are parties to a contract in respect of goods and/or services in any financial year.
- 26.4 The grant of a tenancy, licence or lease by the Charity or by any subsidiary of the Charity on a basis which is consistent with any applicable guidance, determination, standard or code of practice of the Regulator (or any code of conduct and/or governance adopted by the Trustees from time to time) to a Member, Trustee or Connected Person is not the grant of a benefit for the purpose of this rule 26.

## **27. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

- 27.1 Subject to Rules 27.2, 27.3 and 27.4, any Trustee who becomes a Conflicted Trustee in relation to any matter must:
- 27.1.1 declare the nature and extent of her or his interest before discussion begins on the matter;
  - 27.1.2 withdraw from the meeting for that item after providing any information requested by the Trustees;
  - 27.1.3 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting; and
  - 27.1.4 be absent during the vote and have no vote on the matter.
- 27.2 When any Trustee is a Conflicted Trustee, the Trustees who are not Conflicted Trustees, if they form a quorum without counting the Conflicted Trustee and are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the Charity to do so, may, by resolution passed in the absence of the Conflicted Trustee, authorise the Conflicted Trustee, notwithstanding any conflict of interest or duty which has arisen or may arise for the Conflicted Trustee, to:
- 27.2.1 continue to participate in discussions leading to the making of a decision and/or to vote; or
  - 27.2.2 disclose to a third party information confidential to the Charity; or
  - 27.2.3 take any other action not otherwise authorised which does not involve the receipt by the Conflicted Trustee or a Connected Person of any payment or material benefit from the Charity; or
  - 27.2.4 refrain from taking any step required to remove the conflict of interest.
- 27.3 A Trustee who is a Member of the Charity or will become a Member on subscribing for Shares is permitted to be part of the quorum, speak and vote at a Trustees' meeting on any matter to do with interest on Shares provided they declare their interest on that agenda item. Rules 27.1 and 27.2 do not apply.

- 27.4 A Trustee shall always declare at the start of a Trustees' meeting any actual or potential conflict of interest arising from the agenda of the meeting.
- 27.5 A Trustee shall be deemed not to have an interest for the purpose of this Rule 27 as a board member of any subsidiary of the Charity, nor as a resident of the Charity or of any subsidiary of the Charity.

## **28. APPLICATION OF PROFITS**

- 28.1 The profits of the Charity shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects and do not belong to the Members.

## **29. PAYMENT OF INTEREST ON SHARES**

- 29.1 The payment of interest on Shares shall only be permitted if the rate shall have been declared in advance of the period for which interest will become payable.
- 29.2 Interest to be paid on Shares shall be no more than is necessary in the opinion of the Trustees to obtain and retain the capital required to carry on the charitable purposes of the Charity.
- 29.3 The Trustees must be able to justify the rate of interest payable on Shares by reference to available commercial rates for borrowing.
- 29.4 The rate of interest shall not be such that it is the motivation for a person to buy Shares.
- 29.5 The Trustees may suspend payments of interest temporarily or indefinitely by informing Members of the suspension.
- 29.6 In the accounts of the Charity the payment of interest is an expense of the Charity before its surplus is calculated.

## **30. INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE**

### **Indemnity**

- 30.1 Subject to Rule 26.2 a Trustee and a retired Trustee of the Charity may be indemnified out of the Charity's assets against: –
- 30.1.1 any liability incurred by that Trustee in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Charity;
- 30.1.2 any liability incurred by that Trustee in connection with the activities of the Charity; or

30.1.3 any other liability incurred by that Trustee as an officer of the Charity in defending themselves successfully against any criminal or civil proceedings for breach of duty.

30.2 This Rule does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of law.

### **Insurance**

30.3 The Trustees may purchase and maintain indemnity insurance, at the expense of the Charity, for the benefit of any Trustee or retired Trustee in respect of any relevant loss to the extent permitted by the Charities Act.

## **31. AMENDMENT OF RULES**

31.1 Subject to complying with requirements to obtain consent from and/or notify the Regulator, any of these Rules may be rescinded or amended, or a new Rule made, by a vote of a three-quarters majority of those Members of the Charity voting at a general meeting or by written resolution.

31.2 No amendment of these Rules is valid until it is registered by the Authority in accordance with the Act.

31.3 No amendment may be made which causes the Charity to cease to be a charity in law.

31.4 A copy of the amended rules shall be sent to the Regulator as soon as possible after registration by the Regulator.

## **32. RECORDS, AUDIT AND SECRETARY**

### **Records**

32.1 The Trustees must comply with the requirements of the Acts as to keeping financial records, the appointment of auditors, audit of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Authority of:-

32.1.1 annual returns;

32.1.2 annual reports; and

32.1.3 annual statements of account.

32.2 The Trustees must keep proper records of:-

32.2.1 all proceedings at Members' meetings;

32.2.2 all proceedings at meetings of the Trustees;

32.2.3 all reports of committees; and

32.2.4 all professional advice obtained.

32.3 Accounting records relating to the Charity must be made available for inspection by any Trustee at any time during normal office hours and may be made available for inspection by Members who are not Trustees if the Trustees so decide.

32.4 A copy of the Charity's latest available balance sheet and statement of account must be supplied on request to any Trustee or Member. A copy must also be supplied, within two months, to any other person who makes a written request and pays the Charity's reasonable costs.

32.5 A copy of the Charity's latest available balance sheet will be displayed at all times in a prominent position at the Registered Office of the Charity

### **Audit**

32.6 The Members shall vote annually at the AGM (or at a general meeting before the AGM in the first period following incorporation) whether to have an audit carried out by a registered auditor or to have unaudited accounts.

32.7 If the Charity has an audit by a qualified auditor the auditor shall be appointed by the Trustees where there is a vacancy.

### **Secretary**

32.8 The Trustees may appoint a secretary for such term, upon such remuneration and upon such conditions as they think fit and any secretary appointed may be removed by them.

## **33. DISSOLUTION**

33.1 Subject to Rule 33.2, if the Charity is dissolved, after provision for the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities and the repayment of the share capital at the nominal value of the Shares, the value of the remaining property of the Charity shall be transferred to such other charity in law having objects similar to or compatible with the Objects as shall be decided by the Trustees and recommended and approved by the Members at a general meeting.

33.2 If the Charity is registered as a provider of Social Housing with the Regulator, any transfer or gift made under Rule 33.1 must be in compliance with the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 or any other relevant legal and regulatory provisions which exist from time to time.

## **34. NOTICES**

- 34.1 Notices under the Rules may be sent by hand, by post or by suitable electronic means including website notification where the Member has agreed to this.
- 34.2 The only address at which a Member is entitled to receive notices sent by post or email is an address in the UK shown in the register of Members.
- 34.3 Notices sent to the Charity by post or by hand must be sent to its Registered Office.
- 34.4 Any notice in writing given in accordance with these Rules is to be treated for all purposes as having been received:
- 34.4.1 24 hours after being sent by electronic means or delivered by hand to the relevant address;
  - 34.4.2 two clear days after being sent by first class post to that address;
  - 34.4.3 three clear days after being sent by second class or overseas post to that address;
  - 34.4.4 on the date of publication of a newspaper containing the notice;
  - 34.4.5 on being handed to the Member personally; or
  - 34.4.6 if earlier, as soon as the Member acknowledges actual receipt.
- 34.5 A technical defect in the giving of notice or receipt of email notice of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting.
- 34.6 A member shall notify the Charity immediately of any change in address including email address.

## **35. REGISTERED OFFICE, SEAL AND SIGNING**

### **Registered Office**

- 35.1 The Registered Office of the Charity shall be Micklethwaite House, 70 Cross Green Lane, Leeds LS9 0DG

or such other address as may be determined by the Trustees and notified to the Authority.

### **Seal and signing**

- 35.2 The Charity may have a seal which shall only be used by the authority of Trustees and shall be kept at the registered office of the Charity.



- 35.3 Sealed documents shall be witnessed by the signature of two Trustees or a Trustee and the secretary.
- 35.4 The Charity may also execute documents without a seal with the authority of the Trustees in the same manner as with a seal or otherwise as permitted by law.

## 36. INTERPRETATION

36.1 The meaning of certain words used in the Rules:

<b>Words</b>	<b>Definition</b>
"the Act"	Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014;
"Acts"	the Act and any amendments thereto;
"AGM"	Annual General Meeting of the Charity
"Authority"	the Financial Conduct Authority (or its successor or replacement body acting as the registering authority for societies under the Acts);
"Board"	all the persons for the time being appointed as Trustees of the Charity;
"Chair"	the person who presides at meetings of the Trustees as appointed in Rule 24 (Chairing of Trustees' Meetings);
"Charities Act"	Charities Act 2011;
"the Charity"	means the Society governed by the Rules;
"clear day"	means a complete day excluding the day on which the meeting is to take place and the day on which (as appropriate) notice is given, the request received or the sum deposited or tendered;
"community land trust"	has the meaning given in section 79 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008;
"conflict of interest"	includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict

	of duties;
“Conflicted Trustee”	means a Trustee who has a conflict of interest in relation to any matter
"Connected Person"	means, in relation to a Trustee, a person with whom the Trustee shares a common interest such that he/she may reasonably be regarded as benefiting directly or indirectly from any material benefit received by that person, being either a member of the Trustee's family or household or a person or body who is a business associate of the Trustee, and (for the avoidance of doubt) does not include a company with which the Trustee's only connection is an interest consisting of no more than 1% of the voting rights;
"electronic means"	has the meaning given in Section 148 of the Act;
"indemnity insurance"	has the meaning set out in Schedule 11 of the Charities Act 2011;
"Member" or "Membership"	refer to membership of the Charity. A Member is a member of the Charity;
"Minimum Shareholding"	means one Share or such other number of Shares as may be determined by the Trustees for the relevant class or issue of Shares or by the terms of any Share issue;
"month"	means a calendar month;
"Objects"	the Objects of the Charity as defined in Rule 3;
"qualifying trade"	means a trade which satisfies the requirements of HM Revenue and Customs' Venture Capital Schemes Manual;
"relevant loss"	means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a Trustee in connection with that Trustee's duties or powers in relation to the Charity including a successful defence of the Trustee or retired Trustee in criminal or civil proceedings for

	breach of duty;
"Relevant Authority"	the relevant regulator of financial services;
"Registered Office"	has the meaning set out in Rule 35;
"Regulator"	means the Homes and Communities Agency acting through its Regulation Committee established pursuant to the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 or any future body or authority (including any statutory successor) carrying on similar regulatory or supervisory functions;
"Rules"	the Charity's rules;
"Shares"	means shares in the share capital of the Charity;
"services"	has the meaning in Section 187 of the Charities Act but does not include services under a contract of employment;
"Social Housing"	means low cost rental accommodation and low cost home ownership accommodation as defined in sections 68 to 77 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008;
"society"	a society under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014;
"Trustee"	a director of the Charity, which includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called;
"written" or "in writing"	refers to a legible document on paper including a fax message or in electronic form;
"year"	means a calendar year.

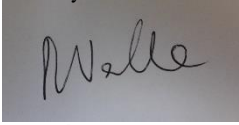
36.2 References to an Act of Parliament are to that Act as amended or re-enacted from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it.

36.3 The singular shall include the plural where the context requires.

We wish to form a society under the above Rules

Signed by the Subscribing Members      Full Name in Block Capitals (no initials)

1



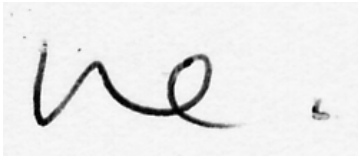
RACHEL VERNELLE

2



JONATHAN LINDH

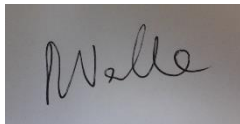
3



NICHOLAS MACDONALD BAYLISS

Signed by the Secretary

Full Name in Block Capitals (no initials)



RACHEL VERNELLE

Dated 3<sup>rd</sup> September 2020

# Register a community benefit society

## Section 1 – About this form

Use this form to register a community benefit society under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 or the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act (Northern Ireland) 1969.

Use this form for either a new registration of a community benefit society, or for a conversion to a community benefit society from either a company or society registered under the Friendly Societies Act 1974.

To register a society we need:

- this completed form
- one signed copy of the society’s rules (or two copies where not submitting electronically)

This form, including any details provided on the form, will be made available to the public through the Mutuels Public Register: <https://mutuals.fca.org.uk>..

Before you start completing this form you may find it helpful to read Chapter 5 of our guidance on our registration function under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014: <https://www.fca.org.uk/publication/finalised-guidance/fg15-12.pdf>

## Section 2 – About this application

### 2.1 What are you applying to do?

Register a new community benefit society	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Convert a company to a community benefit society	<input type="checkbox"/>
Convert a friendly society into a community benefit society	<input type="checkbox"/>

## 2.2 Who should we contact about this application?

Name	Sophie Henson
Position	Solicitor
Postal address	Wrigleys Solicitors LLP, 19 Cookridge Street, Leeds LS2 3AG
Telephone number	0113 204 1147
Email address	sophie.henson@wrigleys.co.uk

## Section 3 – About the society

**3.1 What will be the registered name of the society?** (This must be exactly as it appears on the society's proposed rules). Please see page 24 of our guidance for further guidance on society names.

<b>Society name</b>	Community Homes Yorkshire Limited
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All societies must be carrying out an industry, business or trade. Here we are looking to gain a practical understanding of what that is for your society.

**3.2 What is the business of the society?** For example, will you be providing social housing, running an amateur sports club, etc.

The Society will act as a charitable community land trust. It will, on a not-for-profit basis, purchase, develop and maintain affordable housing (including social housing) in Yorkshire and the surrounding area and will provide associated facilities, amenities and services.

**3.3 What Standard Industrial Classification code best describes the society's main business?** Where more than one code applies, please select the code that you feel best describes the society's main business activity. You will find a full list of codes here: <http://resources.companieshouse.gov.uk/sic/>

68209 (other letting or operating of own or leased real estate)

We need to be satisfied that a community benefit society is conducting its business for the benefit of the community. The conduct of a community benefit society's business must be entirely for the benefit of the community.

**3.4 Please describe the benefits to the community the society aims to deliver?** Here we are looking to see *what* the intended benefits to the community are. Community can be said to be the community at large. For example, are you relieving poverty or homelessness through the provision of social housing.

People in need in Yorkshire and the surrounding area will be able to reside in a home which the society has built or facilitated the building of. Such people will also be able to make use of the other services and activities provided or supported by the Society.

The wider community will also benefit because the Society will relieve the pressure on the local housing supply by building, or enabling the building of, housing. A person does not have to be a member to benefit from the Society's activities.

**3.5 Please describe how the society's business will deliver these benefits?** The business of the society must be conducted for the benefit of the community. Please describe *how* the society's business (as described in answer to question 3.2) benefits the community.

As a charitable community land trust, all of the Society's activities must be charitable and must further the social, economic and environmental interests of the local community. For example, any housing and associated facilities provided by the Society must be aimed at people in charitable need. Land and other assets owned by the Society will remain in community ownership in the long term, as the Society may only deal with its land, property and other assets in a way which benefits the local community in perpetuity. Members of the local community will be able to become members of the Society to have a say in how it operates and the activities it undertakes.

**3.6 Does the society intend to work with a specific community, and if so, please define it here?** For instance, will the society's activities be confined to a specific location; or to a specific group of people? Please note that in serving the needs of any defined community, the society should not inhibit the benefit to the community at large.

The Society will work mainly in Yorkshire and the surrounding area, although the activities of the Society will lead to benefit for the wider community.

**3.7 In what ways does the society intend to raise funds to set up and run its business?** For instance, are you intending to apply for grants, seek capital from members, take out a loan.

The Society will apply for grant funding and may undertake a community share issue (of withdrawable shares only), as permitted by its rules. It is likely to fund the acquisition of land and the renovation and/or construction of housing and other community projects through a combination of donations, grants and loan finance from banks, society members and/or other individuals.

**3.8 What will the society do with any surplus or profit?** For instance, will money be reinvested in the business; put into reserves; used for some other purpose?

As a charity, all surplus profits will be invested in the Society and used to further the purposes of the Society. If the Society undertakes a community share issue, any interest paid on the shares would be no more than the trustees consider necessary in order to obtain and maintain the current capital of the Society.

In order to satisfy ourselves that the society is conducting its business for the benefit of the community, we need to understand the society's relationships with other key stakeholders.

**3.9 Please state any significant commercial arrangements that the society has, or intends to have, with any other organisation that could create, or be perceived as creating, a conflict of interest.** Please tell us how you will ensure



that any such conflicts of interest do not prevent the society from acting for the benefit of the community.

Once registered, the Society intends to receive the charitable assets and activities of Leeds Community Homes Limited, an existing community benefit society, via a transfer of engagements.

The non-charitable assets and activities will be transferred to a wholly owned subsidiary of the Society.

The Society will ensure that there enough unconflicted directors on the boards of the Society and the subsidiary to manage conflicts of interest.

**3.10 Please state any close links which any of the founding members or directors has, or intends to have, with any society, company or authority.**

'Close links' includes any directorships or senior positions held by directors or founding members of the society in other organisations.

Nicholas MacDonald Baylis is a director of 20/20 Housing Co-operative, a director of Birmingham Community Homes (in the process of changing its name to West Midlands Urban Community Homes) and head of policy at the Confederation of Co-operative Housing.

Jonathan Lindh is a director of LEDA Ltd. and a director of LEDA Developments Ltd.

**3.11 On what date do you want the society's financial year to end?** This is the date the society's financial year will end, every year after the society is registered. If you have a preference (e.g. 31 March) please specify that here. If you do not select a date the society will be given the anniversary of the last day of the month it was registered in.

3	1	/	0	3
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**Asset lock**

**3.12 Has the society included the community benefit society statutory asset lock in its rules?** Please note that a society with a statutory asset lock in its rules cannot remove it. The asset lock is only available to community benefit societies other than regulated housing associations or charities.

Yes

No



## Charitable objects

**3.13 Are the society's objects intended to be charitable?** Whilst we are not responsible for regulating charities, we need to know this because societies whose objects are wholly charitable are subject to a number of requirements in the Act.

Yes

No

**3.14 If charitable, what is your charitable purpose?** Charity law in England and Wales differs to that in Scotland. If in doubt please refer to the charity legislation relevant for the area you are in. Please note that we will not assess whether your stated purpose meets the legal criteria for a charity.

3.1 The Charity is formed for the benefit of the community to operate as a charitable community land trust in Yorkshire and the surrounding area (the "area of benefit").

3.2 The objects of the Charity are to carry on for the benefit of the community in the area of benefit:

3.2.1 the business of providing, developing and managing housing, including Social Housing and community-led housing, and providing assistance to help house people and associated facilities, amenities and services for poor people or for the relief of aged, disabled (whether physically or mentally) or chronically sick people;

3.2.2 any other charitable object that can be carried out from time to time by a registered society which is a community land trust and is registered as a provider of Social Housing with the Regulator.

3.3 The Objects of the Charity may be amended in accordance with these Rules. The amendment takes effect when accepted for registration by the Authority.

## Section 4 – The society's rules

**3.2.1.1 4.1 If you have used a sponsoring body to submit this application please include their details here.**

Name of sponsoring body	Charity Law Association
Name of model rules	Charity Law Association Model Rules
Signature on behalf of sponsoring body (unless submitted by email by the sponsor)	
Date	

3.2.1.2 The Act requires rules of societies to make provision for all of the matters listed below. If you have not made provision for all of the matters listed below we will not be able to register your society.

### 3.2.1.3 4.2 Please complete this table

Provision required by the Act	Number of the rule(s) covering this E.g. '2.3-2.7'
The society's name	1.1
The objects of the society	3
Place of the society's registered office, to which all communications and notices may be addressed	35.1
The terms of admission of the members, including any society or company investing funds in the society under the provisions of the Act	6
The method of holding meetings, the scale and right of voting, and the method of making, altering or rescinding rules	8, 9, 20-24, 31
The appointment and removal of a committee (by whatever name) and of managers or other officers and their respective powers and remuneration	18-19, 26, 32.8
The maximum amount of the interest in the shares of the society which may be held by any member otherwise than by virtue of section 24(2) of the Act	5.7
whether the society may contract loans or receive moneys on deposit subject to the provisions of this Act from members or others, and if so under what conditions, under what security, and to what limits of amount	4.2.2, 4.3
Whether any or all shares are transferable, and provision for the form of transfer and registration of shares, and for the consent of the committee to transfer or registration  Whether any or all shares are withdrawable, and provision for the method of withdrawal and for payment of the balance due on them on withdrawing from the society	5.2, 10, 11
Provision for the audit of accounts in accordance with Part 7 of the Act	32
Whether members may withdraw from the society and if so how, and provision for the claims of the representatives of deceased members and of the trustees of the property of bankrupt members (or, in Scotland, members whose estates have been sequestrated), and for the payment of nominees	11,12,14
The way in which the society's profits are to be applied	28
If the society is to have a common seal, provision for its custody and use	35.2-35.3
Whether any part of the society's funds may be invested, and if so by what authority and in what way	4.2.14-4.2.17

## Section 5 – Converting to a society

You only need to complete this section if you are converting from a company or friendly society to a community benefit society. If this does not apply to you please move on to section 6.

### 4 Requirements

If you are converting a company into a society, three copies of a special resolution to convert the company, with the following information included in the resolution:

- Company name & number
- Date the resolution was passed
- Names of three members appointed to sign the society’s rules and to either: accept alterations to the rules made by the FCA without further consulting the company; or lay any such alterations before a general meeting of the company for acceptance

### 5 Details

#### 5.2 5.1 Please provide details of the friendly society or company you are converting from.

Name	
Registration number	
Registered office address	
Postcode	

## Section 6 – Member details

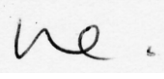
### 5.2.1.1

**5.2.1.2 6.1 Please provide the details of the secretary below.** All societies must have someone fulfilling the role of secretary.

Name	Rachel Vernelle
Month of birth	December
Year of birth	1964
Signature	
Date	03 September 2020

### 5.2.1.3

**5.2.1.4 6.2 Please provide the details of 3 members below.**

Name	Nicholas MacDonald Baylis
Month of birth	December
Year of birth	1960
Signature	
Date	03 September 2020

Name	Rachel Vernelle
Month of birth	December
Year of birth	1964
Signature	
Date	03 September 2020

Name	Jonathan Lindh
Month of birth	February
Year of birth	1959
Signature	
Date	03 September 2020

**6.3 Societies are within the scope of the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986 (CDDA). Please confirm that no proposed director is disqualified under that Act:**

**No proposed director is disqualified**



## Section 7 – Submission details

### 5.2.1.5 7.1 Please complete the submission checklist below.

Items	Options
<p>The society's rules signed by three members and the secretary</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Two copies attached - submitting by post</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> One copy attached - submitting by email</p>
<p>Marked-up copy of rules showing what changes the society is making to the model rules</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> One copy attached</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Not attached - not using model rules</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Not attached – using model rules with no changes</p>
<p>Special resolution to convert the company to a society, including the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Company name &amp; number</li> <li>• Date the resolution was passed</li> <li>• Names of three members appointed to sign the society's rules and to either: accept alterations to the rules made by the FCA without further consulting the company; or consult the company about any such alterations</li> </ul>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Three copies attached - submitting by post</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> One copy attached - submitting by email</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Not attached - not a company converting to a society</p>
<p>Cheque for registration fee made payable to the Financial Conduct Authority</p> <p>Please indicate below which fee is applicable to you, then select a box on the right to show how you are paying it:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> £40 - using model rules with no changes</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> £120 - using model rules with 1-6 changes</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> £350 - using model rules with 7-10 changes</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> £950 - using model rules with 11 or more changes</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> £950 - not using model rules</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No fee - Friendly society converting to a society</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Cheque attached – submitting this form by post</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Cheque posted separately – submitting this form by email</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> No fee - Friendly society converting to a society</p>

## Section 8 – Submitting this form

5.2.1.6 Please submit a signed, scanned version of your application by email to:  
mutual.societies@fca.org.uk

5.2.1.7 Or please submit by post to:

Mutual Societies  
Financial Conduct Authority  
12 Endeavour Square  
London  
E20 1JN

**5.2.1.8** This form is available on the **Mutuals Society Portal**:  
<https://societyportal.fca.org.uk>